DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

JOHN BACOT

ON BEHALF OF

CHECKER YELLOW CAB CO., INC.

DOCKET NO. 2014-372-T

- 1 Q. Please state your name position and address.
- 2 A. My name is John Spratt Bacot Jr, I am an owner of Yellow
- cab Company of Greenville and my address is 436 Warehouse Ct.
- 4 Taylors, SC 29687.

5 Q. What is your background?

- 6 A. I graduated from West Point in 1986. After 5 years in the
- Army and a stint in the first Gulf War I got out and worked with
- 8 my father-in-law's family business. In 1993 I came to work at
- 9 Checker Yellow Cab Co. in Columbia, SC and continued there until
- 2005 when I became an owner in Yellow Cab Co. in Greenville
- where I work today.

12 Q. What are your duties at Yellow Cab Co. of Greenville?

- As owner, my duties cover the full spectrum of managing a
- transportation company. The recruiting, leasing to drivers,

- handling passenger issues, marketing our services, vehicle maintenance, background checks, and legal issues among others.
- Q. Are those essential elements to managing a transportationcompany?
- 5 A. Yes and there are others.
- Q. Would you consider yourself an expert in the management of a
 taxicab transportation company?
- A. After 21 years of doing it, Yes, I would consider myself knowledgeable enough to be considered an expert.
- Offer as expert on matters pertaining to Class C operations and the
- management, ownership and operation of a taxicab business in SC
- Q. You have been asked to appear as a witness in Rasier's application for a Class C Transportation Network Company's application. Have you reviewed the application?
- 17 A. Yes.

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18 Q. Do you see any issues that the Commission should be aware of?

1 A. Yes, many.

2 Q. What is your first issue?

A. The first issue I see is that Rasier is applying for a designation that doesn't exist. I am familiar with the regulations concerning Class C Taxi and Class C Charter but have no idea what a Class C Transportation Network Company is.

7 Q. What is Yellow Cab's certificate?

8 A. Yellow Cab of Greenville holds a Class C Taxi.

9 Q. What about this Transportation Network name they have 10 created?

11 A. If they want to create a new designation, my understanding
12 is that there are rulemaking procedures that should be followed
13 which give the Commission time and the public an opportunity to
14 provide input as to what those rules might be. But I don't believe
15 applying for a designation that doesn't exist and then trying to
16 expedite it as they have done is the proper way to proceed.

Q. What is the second issue you would like the Commission to be aware of?

- A. The second issue I have is that Uber should also be applying for a Class C Taxi not just this Rasier Company.
- **Q.** Are you familiar with Uber?
- 4 A. Yes, very.
- 5 Q. Are you familiar with Rasier?
- 6 A. I have never heard of them until this application was filed.
- 7 Q. Have you since familiarized yourself with Rasier?
- 8 A. Yes.
- Q. Are you familiar with Uber's method of operations, how theyconduct their business?
- 11 A. Yes, enough to know that they are in the taxi business but
 12 have refused to apply for permits that everyone else in the taxi
 13 business is required to have.
- 14 Q. Why should Uber be required to hold a Class C Taxi certificate?
- 15 A. Uber claims to be solely a technology company. But in my
 16 opinion, Uber is a motor vehicle carrier under our laws and should
 17 not be allowed to operate behind the sham corporation Rasier.

1 Q. What have you learned about Rasier?

2 A. Apparently, Rasier is what I call a throw away corporation.

Q. What do you mean by throw away corporation?

A. It appears there are many Rasier's in the US. By throw away corporation I mean there is no legitimate business purpose of the entity except to shield the real operator, Uber, from liability. I think lawyers call it an alter ego.

Q. From your experience why would a transportation company like Uber want to transact business through an alter ego?

10 A. The transportation of passengers is a high liability business.

11 Instead of facing it and insuring against it Uber continues to claim

12 it is merely a technology company and has created what I call a

13 shell game of many corporations.

Q. Are you familiar with the statutes that govern transportation companies in SC?

16 A. Yes. The applicable statute for companies engaging in 17 transportation services like ours at Yellow Cab of Greenville and 18 Uber is SC Code 58-23-10 (4). I have included the text here. 58-23-10 (4) The term "motor vehicle carrier" means every corporation or person, their lessees, trustees or receivers, owning, controlling operating or managing any motor propelled vehicle, not usually operated on or over rails, used in the business of transporting persons or property for compensation over any improved public highway in this State.

7 Q. So SC law defines "motor vehicle carriers"?

Α.

Yes and it includes all corporations or persons doing the above activities, not just an entity created for throw away purposes. The key word is every. Uber, Rasier and any other entity which is involved in the activities the statute lists should be required to get a certificate appropriate to the type of operation they plan to engage in. It is not innovative to create a sham entity to get licensed in.

The statute protects the public from the very thing Uber is trying to do here and that is to create a sham corporation to shield it from the liabilities that are inevitable in the transportation business.

Q. Do you know if they engage in any of the activities the statute lists?

1 A. If you go to their own website you will see that they recruit,
2 train, and furnish the smartphone used by their drivers. The
3 software on that smartphone is Ubers'. It is nothing more than a
4 dispatch and payment management system for the drivers they
5 put on the street. Uber restricts the use of the provided

smartphone to dispatch and payment operations exclusively.

If you ride Uber there are no markings on the car but instead an easily removable U inside the car that the driver can remove at will. Every aspect of managing the transportation process is performed by Uber or controlled through an alter ego like Rasier.

Uber clearly controls and manages motor propelled vehicles. Do you know of any technology company that performs background checks on its users? Why would they need to do that if they were merely a technology company connecting willing passengers to willing drivers?

Uber does not allow any of the hundreds of properly licensed and permitted vehicles to operate on its system. It only allows drivers that it or its alter ego have hired to operate on it then takes a commission split of the fares. Does that sound like a technology company to you or someone engaged in the transportation business?

- Q. Based on what you know about their operations what designation should they hold?
- A. If Rasier or Uber is involved in the taxi business, which they are in my opinion, they need to apply for a Class C Taxi Certificate.
- Q. Do you have any additional issues you would like to bring to theCommission's attention?
- 7 A. Several.
- 8 Q. What are they?
- 9 A. I want the Commission to be aware of what Uber has put in 10 their terms and conditions that riders must agree to before riding.

11 Q. Such as?

- 12 A. In order to use Uber or Rasier services, the passenger must
 13 agree to Uber's lengthy terms and conditions which are displayed
 14 on a very small smartphone screen and are unconscionably
 15 stacked in favor of Uber and against the passenger. I'm not aware
 16 of motor vehicle carriers having the legal authority to require
 17 passengers to sign or agree to terms and conditions before riding.
- They also require passengers to abide by future amendments as

 Uber arbitrarily decides and by continuing to use the platform

- Uber states that the passenger automatically agrees to these terms.
- Q. Are you aware of any other motor vehicle carriers that require passengers to agree to terms and conditions that suit the company before being able to ride?
- 6 A. No.
- Q. What particular terms would you like the Commission to bemade aware of?
- Even after controlling all aspects from recruiting, hiring, Α. 9 rating, firing, inspection, pricing, commission split, customer 10 support, and providing insurance, Uber states that it "DOES NOT 11 PROVIDE TRANSPORTATION SERVICES AND THE COMPANY IS NOT 12 A TRANSPORTATION CARRIER". Further, Uber claims it "HAS NO 13 RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY FOR ANY TRANSPORTATION 14 SERVICES PROVIDED". 15
- The company wants to provide rides through its drivers and split
 the fares with them on a commission basis but doesn't want the
 responsibility that goes with it.

19 Q. Any others?

A. Yes, the company admits under the heading Payment Terms that it sets the pricing and that all fees are non-refundable. However, passengers are not paying a fee to use the app they are paying a fare for the ride provided by Uber's drivers. Uber sets those rates, publishes them and again then turns around and claims it's not a transportation provider.

Uber classifies its drivers as third parties. But they are not third parties at all. Every driver has a contract with Uber in which Uber controls every aspect of the passenger transportation relationship.

The company disclaims all liability for personal injury and tries to claim that it is only an internet company and any interactions between passengers and drivers are not its responsibility.

I would like to hand up a marked version of the terms and conditions for the Commission to review.

Q. Any other major concerns?

17 A. There are many in the terms and conditions which I have
18 highlighted but I would like to bring special attention to the
19 Limitation of Liability.

Uber specifically states "THAT BY USING THE APPLICATION AND THE SERVICE, YOU MAY BE EXPOSED TO TRANSPORTATION THAT IS POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS, OFFENSIVE, HARMFUL TO MINORS, UNSAFE OR OTHERWISE OBJECTIONABLE, AND THAT YOU USE THE APPLICATION AND THE SERVICE AT YOUR OWN RISK."

Q. Why is this a concern?

7 A. The reason that the regulation of motor vehicle carriers is
8 vested in the Public Service Commission is to protect the public
9 from self-serving arrangements like this which benefit Uber at the
10 public's expense.

Additionally, if carriers can limit their liability this way then all carriers should be allowed to enter into these arrangements. Because there is no doubt they benefit the carriers albeit at the public's expense.

Q. Do you have any further issues you would like to raise with the Commission?

17 A. Yes, I would like the Commission to be aware of the timeline
18 of events which will further add to my previous testimony
19 regarding Uber using Rasier as its alter ego.

Q. What timeline are you referring to?

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- A. If you review the affidavits filed by George Parker and Travis

 Crane you will see that Uber representatives began recruiting drivers in Columbia on 6/17/2014.
- O.R.S. promptly filed its petition seeking to show Uber was a regulated carrier on 6/24/2014.
- Uber started providing service in South Carolina on 7/10/2014.
- Checker Yellow Cab Co. Inc. filed its petition to intervene on 7/19/2014.
- The hearing was set for 8/26/2014. Uber hired Ben Mustian's law firm and a notice of appearance was filed with the Commission on 8/22/2014.
- According to Rasier's own filing, Rasier wasn't even incorporated in SC until 8/29/2014, after which Rasier, not Uber, files its application with the Commission.

Q. And your point is?

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17 A. My point is that Uber is and still is the transportation
18 company and it wasn't until O.R.S. filed a petition against it and
19 after Uber hired Ben Mustian did it decide to create this Rasier

Company and seek approval in Rasier's name. Uber had been operating in Greenville, Charleston, Columbia, and Myrtle Beach illegally for more than 6 weeks before Rasier was even incorporated. Now they claim Uber is just a technology company. And worse, the insurance documents filed by Rasier show no coverage before the effective date of 8/28/2014 which, by the way, was the day before it incorporated. Who was providing coverage to Uber for the 6 weeks it operated before incorporating Rasier?

10 Q. Beyond the Terms and conditions you wanted to bring to the 11 Commissions attention what other issues would you like to 12 make them aware?

A. I would like to go back to Rasier's application. I have serious concerns regarding the waivers they requested. Keeping in mind that these are regulations that every other Class C Taxi operator complies with but Rasier and Uber have decided should not apply to their operations.

Q. Which waiver requests should the Commission be concerned with?

A. Rasier has listed 7 waivers it's requesting as well as a few listed on page 13 under the "Other Items" caption of its

application. I would like to go down those numerically with some important considerations I want the Commission to be aware of.

3 Q. Ok, go ahead.

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As to waiver number 2, I would point out that 10 S.C. Code Α. 4 Ann. Reg.-103-133(7)(B)(10) requires a display stating, among 5 other information, the name of the holder of authority under a 6 Certificate of PC&N under which the driver is operating. The Uber 7 platform does not display this information as Rasier but in fact 8 displays it as Uber. You can see this in Rasier's Exhibit WMG-2 9 p.13 This goes back to what I stated earlier that it is Uber not 10 Rasier who is actually the "motor vehicle carrier". 11

As to waiver number 4, I believe it would be a grave mistake to allow Rasier to escape the requirement that it report its vehicles to O.R.S. There is no competitive reason for requesting this waiver whatsoever.

- Q. In your opinion how would the public interest suffer if the Commission were to grant this waiver?
- 18 A. In my opinion, all of this secrecy they requested would be very detrimental to the public for two reasons. One is that the O.R.S. is

denied the ability to do spot inspections. Rasier wants to first get notice then inform their drivers that an inspection if imminent.

Secondly, It makes it much easier for Rasier to deny insurance claims to third parties as the public would have no way of checking the status of a vehicle involved in an accident. The public would have to have reason to believe the car in question was acting as a commercial vehicle, then contact O.R.S. O.R.S. would then have to go to Rasier and Uber hat in hand and hope they are being truthful in their response. There is clearly a conflict in this approach and a strong incentive for Uber and Rasier to manipulate the records to reflect the vehicle was not on their platform.

Uber has already done this in a particularly egregious case in San Francisco. An Uber driver killed a 6 year old girl and ran over other members of her family in a crosswalk in San Francisco. Uber denied the driver was on their "platform" as they call it. Later, Uber had to acknowledge the driver was logged in but only after attorney Christopher Dolan began pressuring the company to tell the truth. He is handling the case and could provide more details. I would urge the Commission to request more details on this and other insurance dodges the company has engaged in before

granting any type of certificate. This is the most serious in my opinion. It appears there is a concerted effort to keep as much information about the status of these vehicles hidden from the regulators and public and I can't think of any other reason than to avoid liability claims.

Q.

Α.

How would they deny or fail to acknowledge insurance claims?

The vehicles used by Uber have no markings other than a removable U in the car. While the passenger may get a picture of the driver and his information, the public at large does not. If an Uber vehicle is registered in the name of a private citizen and there are no markings, it would be easy for an Uber driver to be involved in an accident going to or from a commercial call to deceive the injured motorist as well as his own insurance company by claiming he was on a personal trip when in fact it was a commercial transportation trip. Uber could easily delete the trip from its system and no one would know. The driver doesn't want to lose his job with Uber so there is a strong motivation to hide his affiliation with Rasier and these requests to keep all of this information secret aid in perpetrating that fraud.

Q. How would you propose to prevent such an injustice?

I would implore the Commission to require Uber and Rasier to maintain a list of vehicles on file with the O.R.S and not be trusted to maintain these in secrecy as they have requested. I would also ask the Commission to require the vehicles display Rasier and Uber on the registration as opposed to just the driver. This way, any third party involved in an accident with one of Uber or Rasier's drivers would be able to see on the FR-10 that the insurance provided by Uber or Rasier may be available to satisfy any claims.

Α.

I would also ask the Commission to consider requiring that each driver "partner" as they are called, at least 30 days prior to commencing operations, be required to provide proof that their personal insurance carrier was notified that the vehicle would be used as a commercial transportation for hire vehicle. A proof of service by certified mail to the appropriate carrier would be one idea. There are probably others.

Q. What about Rasier's claim that information is competitively sensitive?

A. If a competitor wants to get a list of the vehicles and drivers

It's very easy to simply download the app and start summoning

- vehicles and ride until you get a pretty good idea who's out there.

 I think that claim is disingenuous.
- Q. What other concerns do you have about Rasier's waiver requests?
- Number 5 requests a waiver from initial inspections. These inspections are vital to ensure the public is riding in vehicles that have at least met a minimum standard of safety. The inspections are not onerous. As far as I know, there is no reason why the vehicles should not be subject to same inspections as all other passenger for hire vehicles.

11 Q. How about request #6?

I am aware of the PSC granting waivers in Class C Charter Α. 12 operations but not Class C Taxi. UberX is a taxi service. There 13 should at the very least be a placard on the interior of the vehicle 14 and magnetized signs on the exterior identifying the vehicle for 15 what it is; a taxi. I believe a simple removable U which again refers 16 to Uber not Rasier is woefully inadequate. If Rasier is the licensed 17 carrier then Rasier should be prominently displayed in the taxi 18 with all information required by the applicable reg. 19

Q. Anything further?

A. Just one more. Rasier is requesting that all information be kept at its office which as I understand is in San Francisco. It doesn't want to make the filings all other Class C taxi operators make. Then it wants to retain the right to decide what's reasonable and not reasonable in responding to complaints. It states it will provide records it deems necessary to resolve specific complaints. This entire approach in my opinion contravenes the purpose of having regulation and supervision of the industry. It appears Rasier's approach to the regulatory scheme governing taxis is simply "trust us".

11 Q. Anything else?

- A. Possibly. I understand there is a motion to compel pending on a number of requests. If those requests are answered fully and truthfully then no I have nothing further. If they are not I would like to supplement as previously granted.
- Q. So In Summary what are you asking the Commission to consider?
- 1. I would ask the commission to deny the application. In my opinion, Rasier has not shown it is fit or willing to follow the

regulations and approving Rasier in its current form is not in the public's interest.

- 2. In the event the Commission is considering approval, I would ask at the very least the Commission consider the following. That Rasier is really Uber. Rasier was created as a "throw away" corporation simply to shield Uber from liability after the O.R.S. brought a petition against Uber. Rasier alone is not the correct party that should be applying.
- 3. If Uber wants to change the regulations it should pursue that through a petition for rule change and not an expedited Class C application request as done here.
- 4. Passenger carriers should not be able to dupe the riding public into agreeing to unfair terms and conditions as a prerequisite to using the service as Uber and Rasier have done.
- 5. The waivers requested by Uber are disingenuous and are requested with an ulterior motive in mind. The motive is to make it difficult for the public to know whether or not the vehicles on the road are actually passenger for hire vehicles associated with Companies that have a financial incentive to conceal their identity.

- 6. I would implore the Commission to require Uber and Rasier to maintain a list of vehicles on file with the O.R.S and not be trusted to maintain these in secrecy as they have requested. I would also ask the Commission to require the vehicles display Rasier and Uber on the registration as opposed to just the driver.
- 7. I would also ask the Commission to consider requiring that each driver, at least 30 days prior to commencing operations, be required to provide proof that their personal insurance carrier was notified that the vehicle would be used as a commercial transportation for hire vehicle.

Thank you.